# Putting Women First: Interprofessional Integrative Power

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## STATEMENT OF ORIGINALITY

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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

List of Tables	vi
Abstract	1
Chapter One: Background to the Study	
1.0 Introduction	2
1.1 Problem Statement	3
1.2 Research Question:	3
1.3 Aims and Objectives of the Study	3
1.4 Thesis	4
2.0 Background to the Study	4
2.1 Historical Development of Maternity Services	4
2.2 Medical Dominance	4
2.3 Maternity Services in Australia	6
2.4 Health Care Reforms: The shift to a Primary Health Care Focus	8
2.5 Counterveiling Powers	9
2.6 Changing Models	10
2.7 Biological Basis for Improved Maternity Care Systems	10
2.8 Partnership-Based Midwifery Care Service Development	11
3.0 My Personal Background as a Midwife	11
3.1 My experience in Private Midwifery Practice	12
3.2 Bullying and Harassment Issues in Midwifery	13
3.3 A defining Moment in Hospital Midwifery Practice	13
4.0 Justification for the Study	14
5.0 Significance of the study	15
5.1 Midwifery Practice	16
5.2 Midwifery and Organisational Administration	16
5.3 Midwifery Education	17
5.4 Midwifery Research	17
5.5 Midwifery Theory	17
6.0 Overview of Dissertation	17
Chapter two: Literature Review	
1.0 Introduction	18
2.0 Contextual factors	18
2.1 Midwifery and Medicine	18
2.2 Hierarchy Maintenance Work	20
2.3 Interprofessional Role Boundaries	21

2.4 The Partnership Model of the Woman-Midwife Relationship	22
2.5 Attitudes and Values of Midwifery and Medicine	23
2.6 Birth Territory Theory	24
3.0 Interactional Factors	27
3.1 Research Related to Nurse-Doctor Interaction	27
3.2 Interprofessional Collaboration	27
3.2.1 Ineffective Collaboration	27
3.2.2 The Doctor-Nurse Game	28
3.2.3 Bullying	29
3.2.4 Oppressed Group Behaviour	30
3.3 Effective Collaboration	31
3.4 Addressing the Health Service Culture	31
3.5 The Importance of Leadership	32
4.0 Intra-Personal Factors	33
4.1 Emotional Needs and Skills.	33
4.2 Emotional and Social Intelligence	34
4.3 Biological Basis of Emotional and Social Intelligence and Competence	35
4.4 Defence mechanisms	38
4.5 Strategies to Enhance Emotional and Social Intelligence and Competence	39
5.0 Conclusion	41
Chapter Three: Methodology	
1.0 Introduction	42
2.0 Methodology	42
2.1 Poststructural, Feminist Philosophical Foundations of this Study	43
3.0 Research Design	45
3.1 Step 1. Framing the Research Question	47
3.2 Step 2. Deconstruction and Critical Analysis	47
3.3 Step 3. Capturing the Phenomena	48
3.3.1 Participant Selection and Recruitment	48
3.3.2 Data Collection: In-depth Interviewing	50
3.3.3 Data Management	52
3.4 Step 4. Data Analysis	52
3.4.1 Bracketing	52
3.5 Step 5. Construction	53
3.6 Step 6. Contextualisation	54
4.0 Adequacy of the Research	54
5.0 Ethical Considerations	54
5.1 Procedures Taken to Protect the Rights of Study Participants	5/

5.2 Risk Protection for Participants	55
Chapter Four: Analysis of Stories of Negative Interactions	
1.0 Introduction	57
2.0 Virginia	57
2.1 Discusssion	63
2.2 Coda	67
2.3 Initial Analysis and Conceptual Integration from Virginia's Story	68
3.0 Belle	71
3.1 Discussion	76
3.2 Coda	79
3.3 Initial Analysis and Conceptual Integration from Belle's Story	81
Chapter Five: Analysis of stories of positive interactions	
1.0 Introduction	84
2.0 Sarah	84
2.1 Discussion	86
2.2 Initial Analysis and Conceptual Integration from Sarah's Story	87
3.0 Jason	90
3.1 Discussion	92
3.2 Initial Analysis and Conceptual Integration from Jason's Story	92
Chapter Six: Construction and Contextualisation	
1.0 Introduction	95
2.0 A Theory of Interprofessional Integrative Power	95
3.0 Background to Analysis and Conceptual Integration	96
4.0 A Theory of Interprofessional Integrative Power (Negative)	98
5.0 A Theory of Interprofessional Integrative Power (Positive)	105
5.0 Conclusion	110
Chapter Seven: Conclusion	
1.0 Introduction	111
2.0 Recommendations	112
2.1 Midwifery and Organisational Administration	112
2.2 Recommendations for Midwifery and Organisational Administration	112
2.3 Midwifery Practice	113
2.3.1 Recommendations for Midwifery Practice	113
2.4 Midwifery Education	113

2.4.1 Recommendations for Midwifery Education	113
2.5 Midwifery Research	114
2.6 Midwifery Theory	114
3.0 Limitations of the Study	115
4.0 Conclusion	115
References	116
Appendixes	
1. Flyer	132
2. Recruitment Letter	133
3. Information Statement	134
4. Consent Form	138
5. Demographic Data Form	139
6. Midwives' Demographics	140
7. Doctors' Demographics	141
8. The Voices	142
8.1 Doctors' Stories of Negative Interactions	142
8.2 Midwives' Stories of Negative Interactions	161
8.3 Doctors' Stories of Positive Interactions	190
8.4 Midwives' Stories of Positive Interactions	206
List of Tables	
2.1 Birth Territory Table	26
2.2 Emotional and Social Intelligence and Competencies	36
3.1 Theoretical Assumptions Underpinning CII	46
3.2 Steps Involved in Creating Poststructural Feminist Interpretive Interactionism	47
4.1 Key Factors from Virginia's Story	69
4.2 Key Factors from Belle's Story	82
5.1 Key Factors from Sarah's Story	89
5.2 Key Factors from Jason's Story	94
6.1 A Theory of Interprofessional Integrative Power (Negative)	101
6.2 Model of Interprofessional Integrative Power (Negative)	104
6.3 A Theory of Interprofessional Integrative Power (Positive)	107
6.4 Model of Interprofessional Integrative Power (Positive)	109

# **ABSTRACT**

For almost 20 years it has been known that the most common cause of preventable adverse events in hospital is communication problems between clinicians (1, 2). Within maternity services, ineffective communication has a strong relationship with adverse events for women and babies (3). Despite this knowledge, the 'turf wars' between some midwives and some doctors are a continuing concern. Although the link between poor communications and adverse events has been well known for a long time, no real change in how professions relate to each other has occurred.

This dissertation describes a project that was designed to answer the research question:

# What factors affect interprofessional interaction in birthing units and how do these interactions impact on birthing outcomes?

Midwives and doctors from 10 geographically diverse maternity units contributed to this qualitative research project. In-depth interviews were conducted. Analysis and theorizing was guided by feminist Interpretive Interactionism. New findings, about how health services can strengthen interprofessional collaboration in maternity services, are presented and explained. I argue that organisational factors are more important than the personalities of the individuals involved in the interactions because organisational factors frame, direct and limit what discourses and therefore behaviours, are possible. The dissertation ends with some procedural guidelines that show how administrators and clinical leaders can create and maintain collaborative work settings for public sector midwives and doctors.